Ethics 101 From Theory to Application

17th Annual Society of Corporate Compliance and Ethics

COMPLIANCE & ETHICS INSTITUTE

OCTOBER 21-24, 2018 I LAS VEGAS, NV

What Would Kant Think About Tarnatino Flix?

PAUL FIORELLI, J.D., M.B.A. CCEP Professor of Legal Studies Xavier University FIORELLI@XAVIER.EDU BRAD AGLE, Ph.D.
Professor of Ethics and Leadership
Brigham Young University
BRADAGLE@BYU.EDU

Agenda

- Introduction to Ethical Theory
 - Utility, Rights, Justice, Stakeholder
- Legal v. Ethical Duties
 - The Parable of the Sadhu
- Applied Ethics
 - Grey Areas, Reputation, Stewardship

The Federal Sentencing Guidelines



Sentencing Guidelines

7 Minimum Requirements of an Effective Ethics & Compliance Program

... organization shall "promote an organizational culture that encourages ethical conduct and a commitment to compliance with the law." USSG § 8B2.1(a)(2) (November 1, 2004)

INTRODUCTION TO ETHICAL THEORY

MORAL - principles or standards about what is right and wrong, good v. evil behavior

APPROACHES TO MORAL REASONING

- UTILITARIANISM look at the net welfare produced for all stakeholders
- RIGHTS Emphasize rights and duties of stakeholders
- VIRTUE Strive to moral excellence
- JUSTICE Focuses on fair processes and an equitable distribution of the benefits and burdens imposed by an action or policy on stakeholders

Utilitarianism

RIGHTS CRITERIA - Immanuel Kant



 Act as if you were a member of a moral community governed by moral principles of universality and respect for persons

Kant - Never Lie

Virtue

- Aristotle advanced the theory
- · Habits of virtue
 - Ethical Muscle memory
- What is the "culture" of an organization
- Aaron Feuerstein -Malden Mills



Spotted Owls

Employees

Suppliers

Stockholders



Labor Unions

Customers

JUSTICE CRITERIA -John Rawls

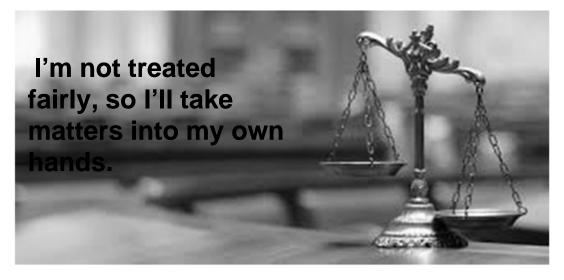
DISTRIBUTIVE JUSTICE

- Equal distribution of benefits and burdens of society to everyone except when there are relevant differences in people.
- What is "Nepotism" and what would Rawls think about it?
 - (not to dismiss the difficulty of succession planning in family businesses)

VEIL OF IGNORANCE

-How would you deal with people if you did not know what your bargaining power, or characteristics were?

JUSTICE CRITERIA -



hands.



COGNITIVE MORAL DEVELOPMENT

POST-CONVENTIONAL

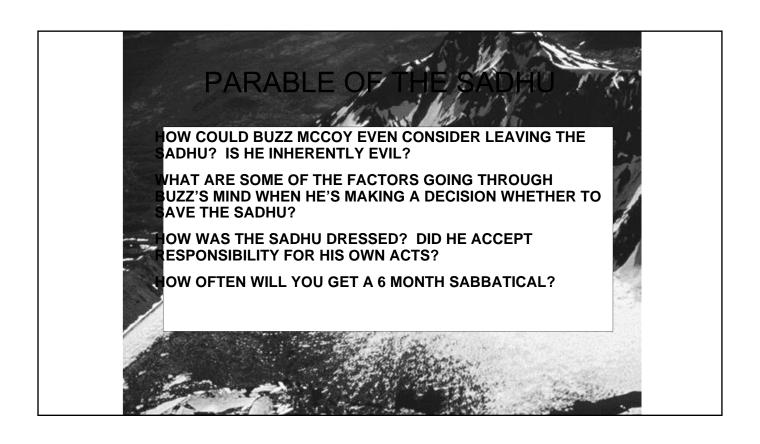


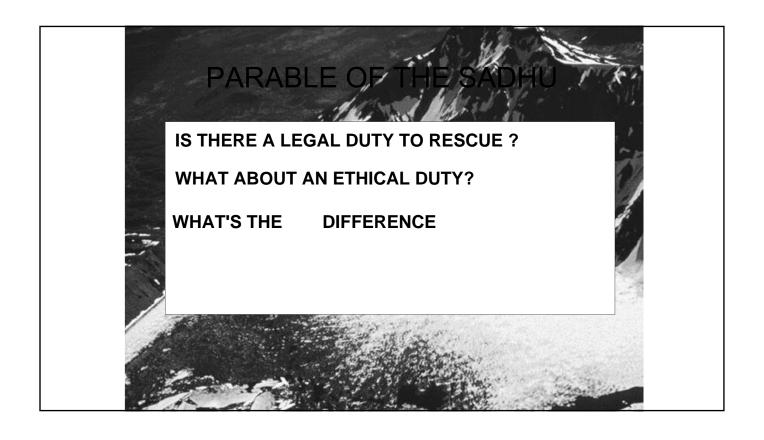


CONVENTIONAL



PRE-CONVENTIONAL







LAW & ETHICS

The Titanic was designed and built to carry 64 wooden lifeboats.

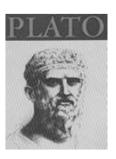
It was equipped by its operator with only 16, plus four small collapsible boats.

There should have been 4 boats provided for each of its 16 davits instead of just one. The lack of lifeboats was not a design failure, but the operator's decision or intention!



LAW & ETHICS

"Laws are made to instruct the good, and in the hope that there may be no need of them; also to control the bad, whose hardness of heart will not be





Rod Hills Former Chair SEC

hindered from crime." [Laws,
"Its an old adage of a FASB
(Financial Accounting Standards Board)
rule. It takes four years to
write. It takes four minutes
for an astute investment
banker to get around it."

LAW & ETHICS

"Our schools of business must be principled teachers of right and not surrender to moral confusion and relativism."

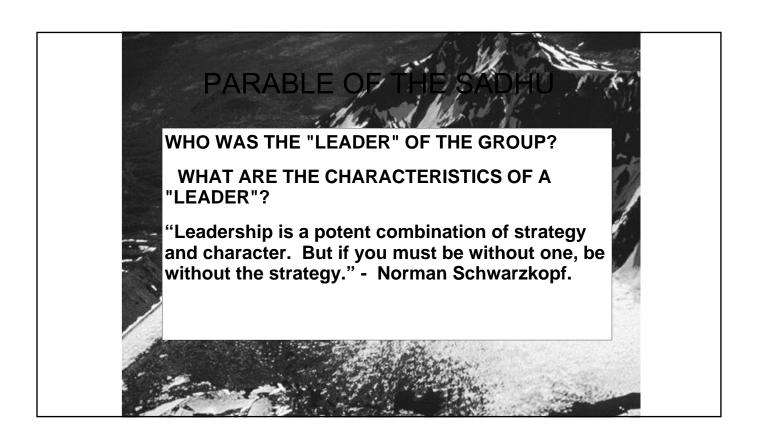
George Bush - Remarks on Corporate Responsibility July 9, 2002 (3 weeks before Sarbanes-Oxley passed).

© Fiorelli. 2018

LAW & ETHICS

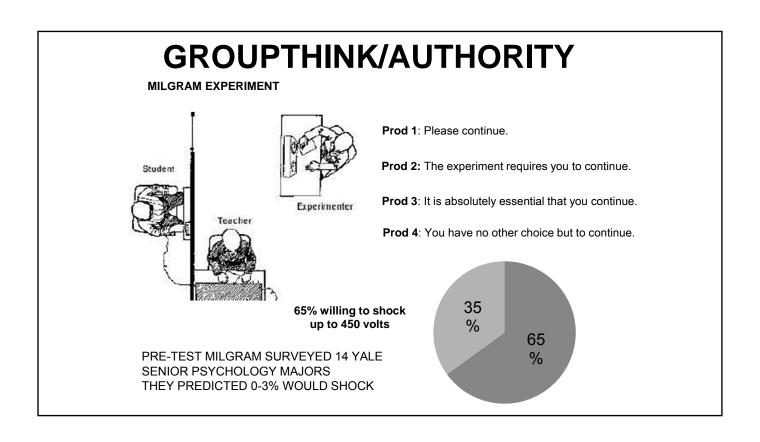
- JUST SKIMMING THE SURFACE OF LEGAL COMPLIANCE DOESN'T LEAVE ROOM FOR ERROR
 - IF LAWS ARE WHAT WE MUST DO, THEN ETHICS ARE WHAT WE OUGHT TO DO

© Fiorelli, 2018



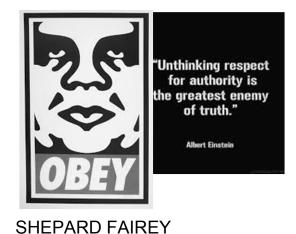


Groups can get us to do things we ordinarily might not do on our own, but their influence is often indirect, simply modeling the normative behavior that the group wants us to imitate and practice. (The Lucifer Effect: Undestanding How Good People Turn Evil," by Phillip Zimbardo)



AUTHORITY

- RESPECTFULLY QUESTION AUTHORITY
- ASK FOR AN EXPLANATION
- "THAT'S HOW WE DO IT HERE", OR "THAT'S HOW WE'VE ALWAYS DONE IT" ISN'T GOOD ENOUGH





How tough is it to challenge group norms?

Room

"If everyone has a sense of long-term stewardship over our assets every day, then people will also start to speak up more if they have concerns. I want us to sharpen our everyday attitude to operational and technical risk, to ensure it is the norm for people on the frontline to speak about risk, and for managers to listen."

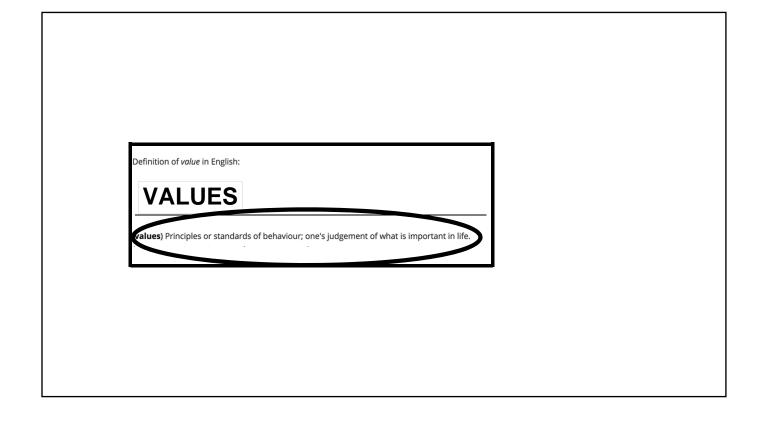


Bob Dudley, CEO of BP Replaced former CEO, Tony Haywood July 27, 2010

"I don't assume that I always know the answer to something. I can draw on years of experience and intuition, but we need to be constantly enquiring and learning and listening to everyone – including the quietest voice in the room. We have to keep thinking the unthinkable – be it operational, financial or compliance risk. Nobody has all the answers. Only by working together and making the most of everyone's capabilities will we begin to move the company forward."

ALL THAT IS NECESSARY FOR EVIL TO TRIUMPH IS FOR GOOD MEN (AND WOMEN) TO DO NOTHING.

EDMUND BURKE



THE VALUE OF VALUES

DO THEY HIRE FOR
PROMOTE FOR MISSION?

DISCIPLINE FOR MISSION
VIOLATIONS?

CAN THEY SPELL THE
WORD M-I-S-S-I-O-N?

IF THE CEO TAPPED AN
EMPLOYEE ON THE
SHOULDER, COULD THEY
EXPLAIN THE MISSION?

ETHICAL ISLANDS

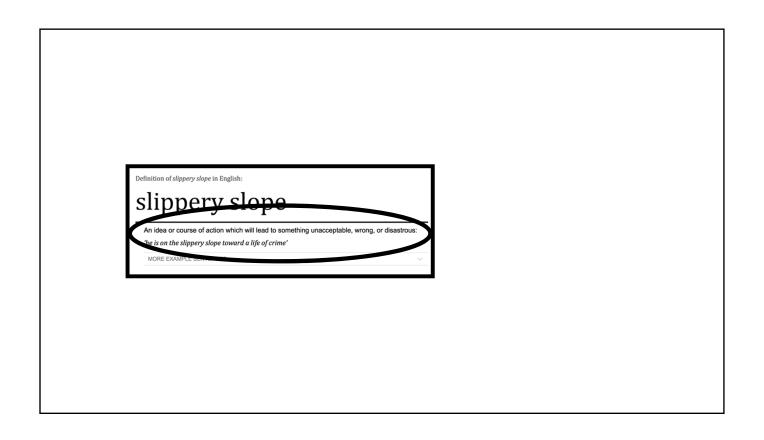
RAISE YOUR HAND IF YOU CONSIDER YOURSELF ETHICAL DO YOU THINK YOU ARE "MORE ETHICAL" THAN YOUR COWORKERS?

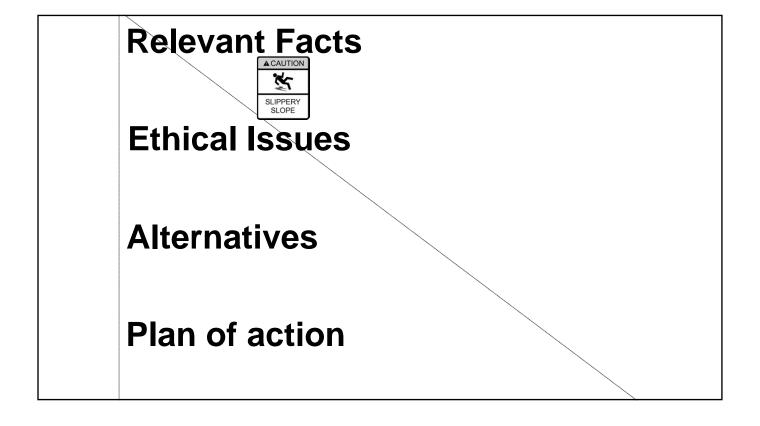
DISCUSSING ETHICS IS DIFFICULT, BUT TALKING ABOUT IT ALLOWS YOU TO SEE YOUR COLLEAGUES ARE ALSO CONCERNED ABOUT ETHICS

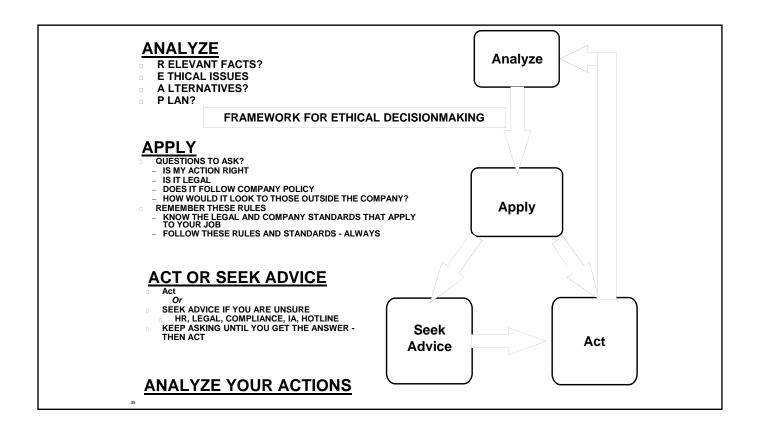
THIS CAN EMPOWER PEOPLE TO "PUSH" BACK, WHEN ASKED TO DO SOMETHING YOU BELIEVE IS IMPROPERSIONS

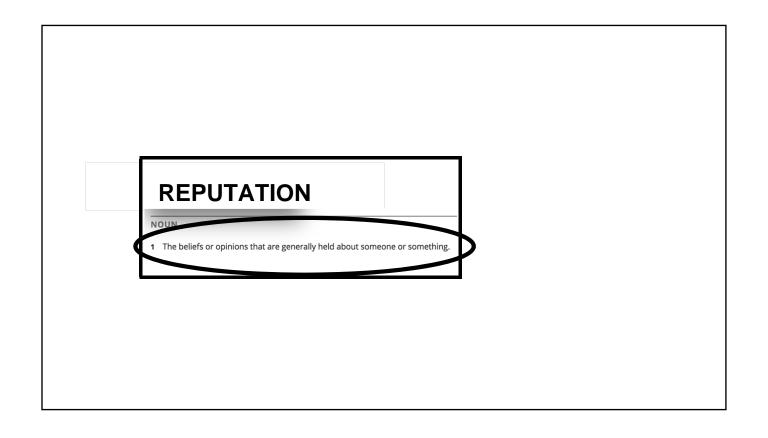
Lynn Brewer -Confessions of An Enron Executive: A Whistleblower's Story

http://www.theintegrityinstitute.org/







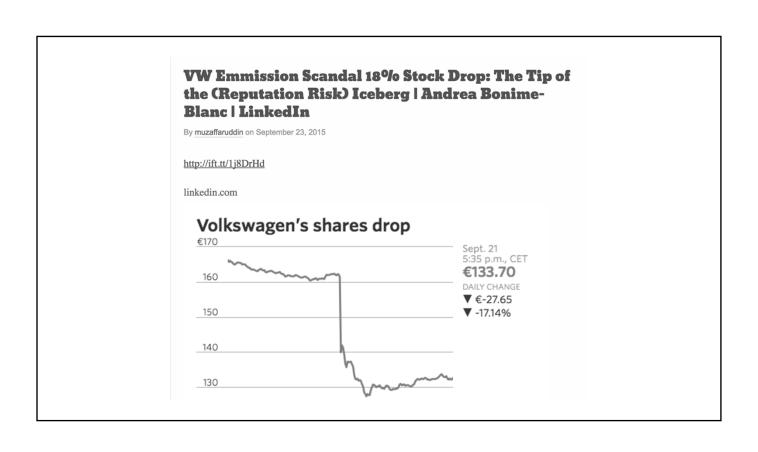


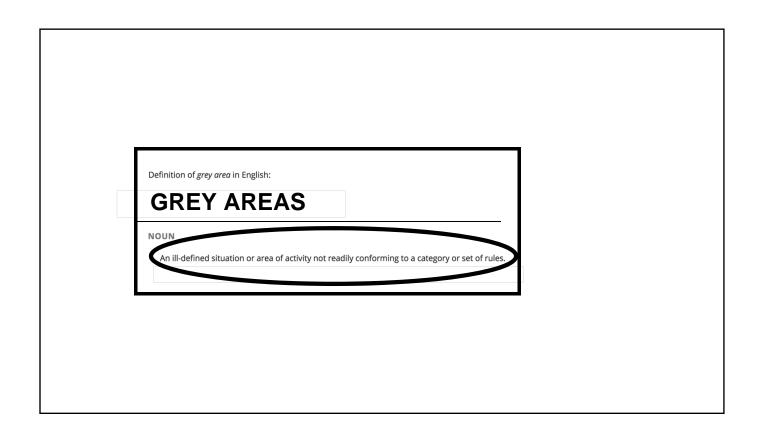
REPUTATION

Warren Buffett: It takes 20 years to build a reputation and five minutes to ruin it.

We can afford to lose money, but not our reputation. How would you feel about your actions, if your family read about them on the front page of the newspaper?

If you lose money for the firm I will be understanding. If you lose a shred of reputation for the firm, I will be ruthless.





ILLEGAL
BLACK
WHITE
WRONG
RIGHT
EVIL
GOOD





Leadership

And it's about the four "types" that represent the way we evaluate and deal with our existing leaders. Type I: shares our values; makes the numbers—sky's the limit! Type II: doesn't share the values; doesn't make the numbers—gone. Type III: shares the values; misses the numbers—typically, another chance, or two.

None of these three are tough calls, but Type IV is the toughest call of all: the manager who doesn't share the values, but delivers the numbers; the "go-to" manager, the hammer, who delivers the bacon but does it on the backs of people, often "kissing up and kicking down" during the process. This type is the toughest to part with because organizations always want to deliver—it's in the blood—and to let someone go who gets the job done is yet another unnatural act. But we have to remove these Type IVs because they have the power, by themselves, to destroy the open, informal, trust-based culture we need to win today and tomorrow.

Shares Values Type III
Values
No Numbers

Type IValues
Numbers

Does Not Share Values

Type II No Values No Numbers

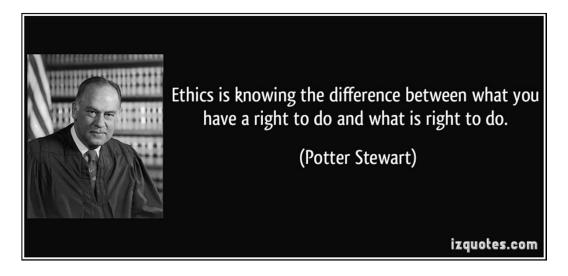
Does not make the Numbers

Type IV No Values Makes Numbers

Makes the Numbers



INTEGRITY





STEWARDSHIP



MILITARY
GOD, COUNTRY, CORPS
DUTY & HONOR
LONG TERM
HOW DO I SERVE OTHERS

MERCENARIES
SELL SERVICES TO THE
HIGHEST BIDDER
SHORT TERM VIEW
WHAT'S IN IT FOR ME?

Rakesh Khurana. Professor Harvard Business School. NPR Weekend Edition. 2/14/09