Concern Reporting: Leveraging Reporting to Drive Integrity Culture



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Overview

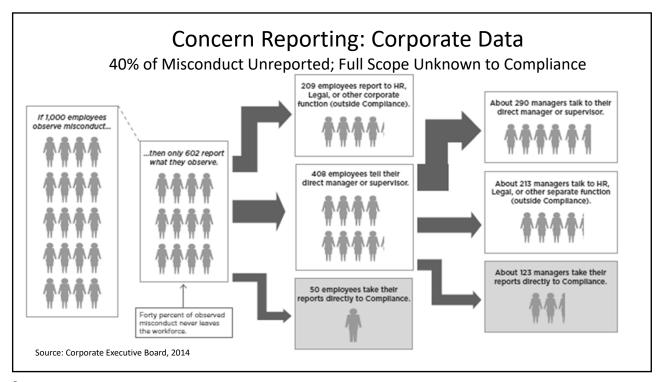
Concern Reporting: Taking a Fresh Look Defining the Problem

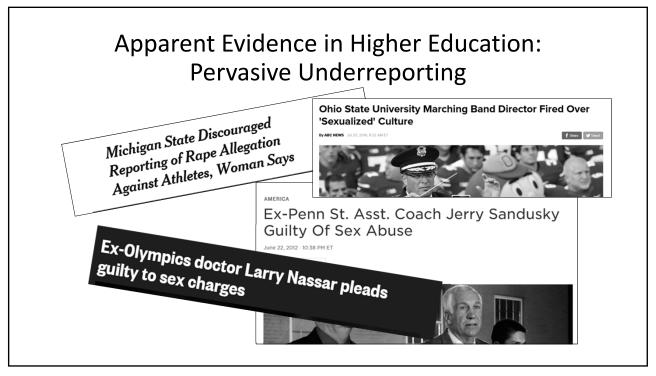
- For Individuals
- For Institutions
- Role for Compliance and Ethics

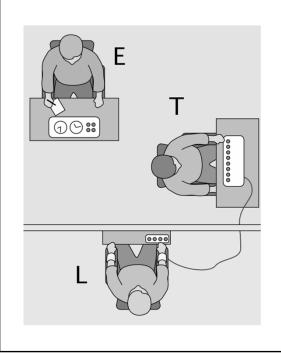
Setting a Standard Defining and Measuring Progress

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Potential Cause: Fear of Authority

Stanley Milgram study (1961)

- Experimenter (E) directs Teacher (T) to give Learner (L) shocks for wrong answer
- Machine scaled from 15 to 450 volts
- "Learner" was an actor who feigned heart problems and unconsciousness
- How many study subjects will shock "Learner" to "unconsciousness"?
- Will any study subjects report study?

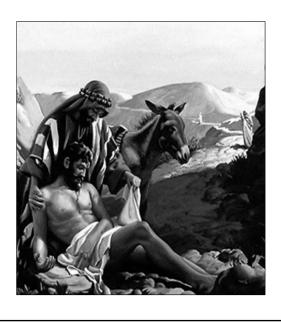
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Potential Cause: "Bystander Syndrome"

Kitty Genovese (1964)

- Woman stabbed and raped over 30 minutes
- 38 witnesses in apartment building
- None saw attacks in entirety; attacks occurred at different times
- Only call to police occurred well after Genovese died





Potential Cause: Stress

Princeton Theological Seminary Study ("Good Samaritan Study")

- Seminarians asked to give talk across campus; given deadline for trip
- Some read Parable of Good Samaritan in advance; some told to teach it
- Who stopped?
 - "In no hurry" -- 65%
 - "In moderate hurry" 45%
 - "In great hurry" 10%

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Converting Causes Into Actions: Summary

Potential Causes

Individuals

- Fear of authority
- Bystander syndrome
- Stress
- Lack of knowledge (too many channels)
- Futility (no evidence)

Institutions

- Reporting not linked to mission
- No owner

Actions

Link to accreditation

Develop framework (program)

- Inventory existing channels
- Develop framework
- Develop assessment

Measure progress

- By program
- By unit/college

Higher Learning Commission: Reaccreditation Standards

Integrity: Ethical and Responsible Conduct

- The institution acts with integrity; its conduct is ethical and responsible.
 - The institution operates with integrity in its financial, academic, personnel, and auxiliary functions; it establishes and follows policies and processes for fair and ethical behavior on the part of its governing board, administration, faculty, and staff.

Student Complaints

 Requires inventory and evaluation of institutional methods for addressing student complaints

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Assessing Overall Concern Reporting Environment: Available Resources

- 1. Inventory all channels
- 2. Establish a standard protocol
 - Key elements
 - Defined optimized state
- 3. Measure channels against requirements
- 4. Report to owners of channels
 - Identify opportunities for improvement and collaboration
- 5. Quick hits
 - · Leverage central compliance office website
 - Link websites with common branding and pathway
 - Emphasize EthicsPoint as a last resort
 - Education of colleges (esp. student advisors) and units

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Preliminary Questions

Who is handling intake and evaluation?

- Student concerns (academic, financial aid, code of conduct)
- Faculty/Staff concerns (employment concerns, financial/business issues)
- Other concerns (Title IX, info security, research, NCAA compliance)

How are various channels tracking reports and outcomes?

• Do reporting channels systematically improve proactive risk mitigation

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Inventory of Channels: Students

Types of Concerns

- · Academic inquiries
- Student financial accounts
- · Student financial aid
- Academic misconduct
- Academic, financial, health and personal crises
- · Hate and bias-related incidents
- Potential Violations of Code of Student Conduct
- Misconduct or other issues in residence halls
- Greek Life community standards
- Concerns regarding staff or faculty members
- Mental health services
- · Health/medical needs
- · Criminal misconduct; public safety
- Concerns while studying abroad
- Legal issues

Channel Owners

- Undergraduate Education/Graduate School
- · University Bursar
- Student Financial Aid
- Committee on Academic Misconduct
- Student Advocacy Center
- Bias Assessment and Response Team
- Student Conduct
- · Residence Life
- · Sorority and Fraternity Life
- · Office of Human Resources
- Counseling and Consultation Service
- Student Health Services
- Department of Public Safety
- Office of International Affairs
- Student Legal Services

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Inventory of Channels: Medical Center

Types of Concerns

- Quality of Care/Patient Safety Concerns Related to a Specific Patient or Visitor
- · Employee Accident and Injuries
- Employee Blood and Body Fluid Exposures
- Environmental Services
- Facilities Issues
- Potential HIPAA Violations
- Patient/Visitor Complaints
- Perceived Compliance Issues Such as Potential Billing Problems
- Perceived Human Resources Issues Potential Billing Problems
- Patient Billing Questions/Complaints
- Employment-related concerns
- Environmental, health, and safety concerns

Channel Owners

- · Patient Quality
- · Occupational Medicine
- · Environmental Services
- Facilities
- HIPAA Privacy
- Information Security
- · Patient Experience Office
- Compliance Office
- · Human Resources
- · Billing office
- Patient Financial Services

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Inventory of Channels: All Community

Types of Concerns

- Employment-related concerns
- Environmental, health, and safety concerns
- Any research-related compliance or ethical concerns
- Human, animal, or biosafety compliance or safety concerns
- Sponsored projects compliance or ethical concerns
- · NCAA issues or athletics culture
- · Health care compliance
- Financial issues or business practices
- Information security
- Academic matters
- Legal issues
- Criminal misconduct; public safety

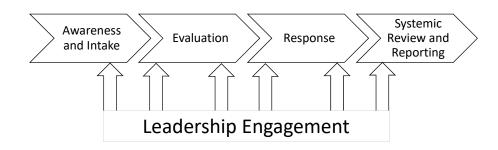
Channel Owners

- · Office of Human Resources
- · Environmental Health and Safety
- · Office of Research Compliance
- Office of Responsible Research Practices
- Office of Sponsored Programs
- · Athletics Compliance Office
- Medical Center Compliance Office
- Internal Audit
- · Enterprise Security
- · Office of Academic Affairs
- · Office of Legal Affairs
- Department of Public Safety

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Reporting Channels: Key Elements



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Concern Reporting Protocol (1)

Awareness & Intake

Channel published to defined population; tool/system exists for concerns to be received and answered

Publication/Education

- o Identification of defined scope and population
- o Targeted and accurate publication
- Trained advisors ("referral system")

· Reporting system

- o Responsive language in template and timing
- o Routing to appropriate person
- o Tracking of appropriate data
- Trained responders

Key Considerations

- Provide examples and response process
- o Responders assess immediate safety threats
- o Distinguish complex versus routine concerns

Evaluation

Preliminary assessment (interim steps, notifications) & full evaluation when necessary

• Preliminary Assessment

- o Interim measures assessment and response
- Required notifications
- o Appropriate routing

Analysis or Investigation

- o Factual review
- o Appropriate decision/adjudication
- o Result and process considerations
- Documentation of decision-making

Key Considerations

- o Interim measures are checked
- Findings support individual corrective actions & systemic analysis

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Concern Reporting Protocol (2)

Response

Unit takes action on findings; complainant receives communication with findings/appeal rights (if any)

Internal Responsive Action

- Corrective actions
- Notice

Communication to Complainant

- o Formal response provided
- Appeal rights

Key Considerations

- Distinguish decisions relating solely to a complainant's own file (e.g., correction of student loan) from those requiring external elevation, tracking, and reporting
- Appeal requirements should be integrated where appropriate

Systemic Review & Reporting

Concerns are reviewed to identify systemic issues; results routinely reviewed by oversight process

Operational Changes

Systemic impact to identify causes and risks

• Governance Reporting

- Strategic/policy impact
- o Effectiveness of reporting processes

Key Considerations

- Concerns can provide evidence of potential control failures and incorporated into risk assessment
- o Review for reputational risks

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Concern Reporting Protocol (3)

Leadership Engagement

Unit, college, and university leaders set requirements and ensuring that the channel facilitates, receives, and resolves concerns, including the mitigation of any systemic risk.

• Encouraging a strong concern reporting environment

- o Discussion of individual examples
- o Modeling behavior within the unit

• Governance decisions

- Appropriate elevations of issues
- Oversight
 - o Routine review for systemic issues
 - Routine review of channel effectiveness
- Linkage with mission, strategy, and values
 - o Continue to identify connections with concern reporting environment

Key Considerations for Leadership Engagement

o Leaders continuously find ways to integrate concern reporting into work

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Program Evaluation

Evaluation methodology

- Standard program maturity scale (below)
- Used law students
- 10 hours/channel
- Regular governance reporting

PROGRAM MATURITY SCALE

RATING	OVERSIGHT/ GOVERNANCE	CONTROL DESCRIPTION	REPEATABILITY
Optimized	Leadership oversight is proactive	Controls in place; regular risk-based testing	Strategies to make processes more efficient
Managed	Leadership oversight is active	Controls in place; ad hoc testing	Reevaluation and updating of methods
Repeatable	Leadership oversight is continuous	Controls cover requirements; no testing	Uniform and repeatable processes
Developing	Leadership oversight is sporadic	Some controls in place	Highly dependent on actions and knowledge of people close to the issue
Initial	No leadership oversight	No institutional controls	Ad hoc

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Reporting of Assessment Results

CONCERN REPORTING PROGRAM EVALUATION

CONCERN REPORTING PROGRAM EVALUATION							
	Awareness and Intake	Evaluation	Response	Systemic Review and Reporting	Leadership Engagement		
Athletics	Optimized	Managed	Managed	Developing	Managed		
Environmental Health and Safety	Managed	Repeatable	Managed	Developing	Repeatable		
Ethics	Managed	Managed	Managed	Managed	Repeatable		
OSU Physicians	Repeatable	Repeatable	Managed	Developing	Managed		
Internal Audit	Managed	Managed	Optimized	Managed	Managed		
Student Financial Aid	Repeatable	Managed	Managed	Managed	Optimized		

Major observations

- Inadequate standardization of response processes
- Inadequate website linkage and educational materials
- Ad hoc processes for evaluating systemic reviews $_{\text{OSU }@\ 2019}$

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Using Surveys to Measure and Improve Culture

Α	В	C	D	Ε
68.4%	64.0%	64.9%	43.4%	43.4%
78.8%	64.3%	62.1%	55.6%	64.1%
75.9%	69.0%	72.4%	55.2%	69.0%
78.3%	60.9%	60.9%	47.8%	69.6%
70.8%	69.7%	64.6%	53.8%	59.1%
74.0%	68.5%	63.8%	59.1%	66.4%
68.4%	66.2%	61.0%	51.8%	64.7%
93.8%	75.0%	68.8%	68.8%	75.0%
68.3%	71.2%	67.2%	54.8%	65.9%
70.0%	80.0%	80.0%	40.0%	40.0%
63.6%	81.8%	72.7%	54.5%	45.5%
75.0%	83.3%	91.7%	91.7%	91.7%
100.0%	84.6%	76.9%	100.0%	100.0%
79.2%	79.2%	66.7%	66.7%	79.2%
62.4%	49.0%	47.5%	45.0%	58.4%
55.6%	50.0%	50.0%	55.6%	50.0%
81.3%	71.0%	77.4%	40.6%	43.8%
73.3%	80.0%	73.3%	33.3%	44.8%

Overall response rate 53%

- A. I know the policies that apply to my job.
- B. If laws are broken, I know how to report them.
- C. If policies are broken, I know how to report them.
- D. People are comfortable reporting concerns.
- E. I am comfortable reporting concerns.

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Summary: Concern Reporting and Integrity Culture

- Reporting is the important indicator of trust
- Building trust drives integrity and accountability
- Employees in strong integrity cultures*:
 - 1.5x more likely to report observed misconduct
 - 90% less likely to observe misconduct
- Link with other educational and training efforts to build ethical behavior
- Targeted and census culture surveys

*Source: CEB/Gartner Top Insights 2017-18, p. 34

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