

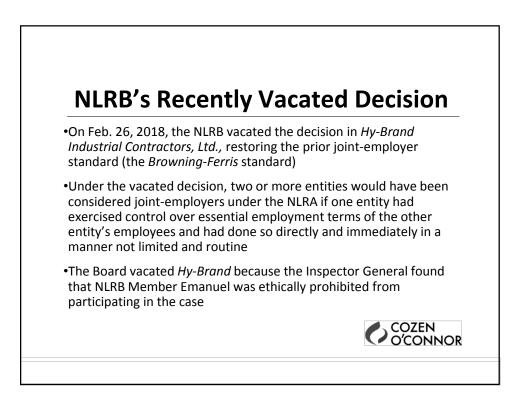


# Why Does It Matter?

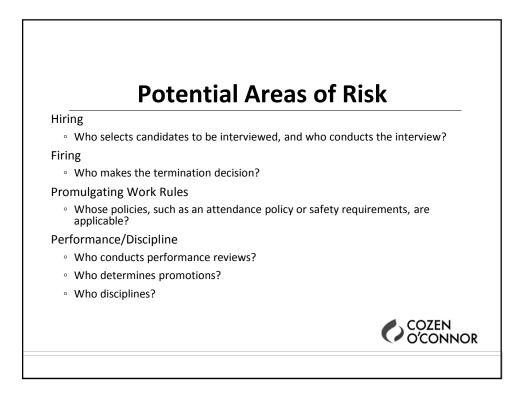
A joint employer may face the same liability and obligations as a traditional employer, including:

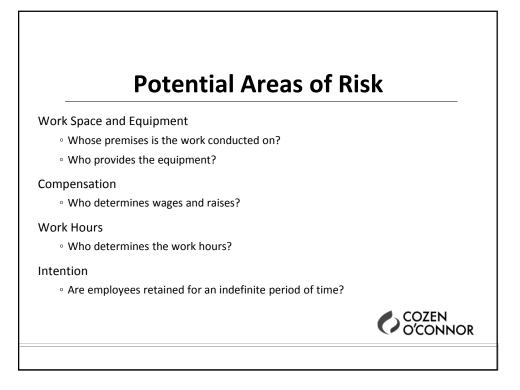
- Claims under state and federal employment laws
  - FLSA wage and hour claims
  - Claims for discrimination under Title VII, ADA, and ADEA
  - Union organizing campaigns or NLRB unfair labor practice charges
  - Remedies such as back pay, front pay, compensatory damages, and attorneys' fees and costs, as well as punitive and liquidated damages under certain circumstances

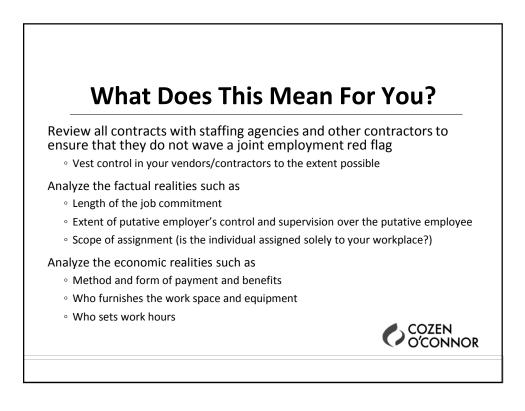
- Tax liability
- Workers' compensation and unemployment insurance
- Tort liability



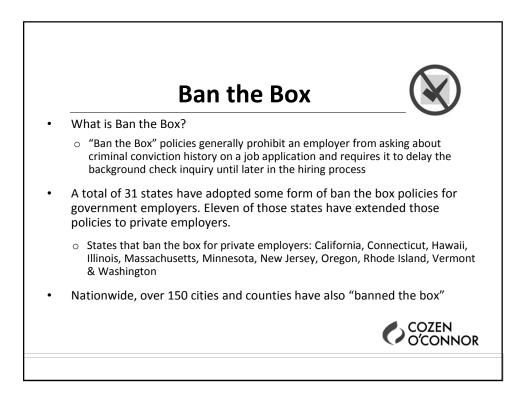


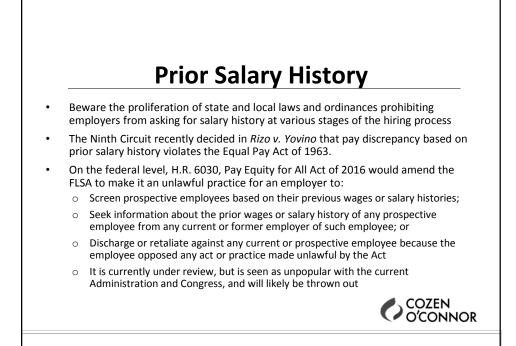




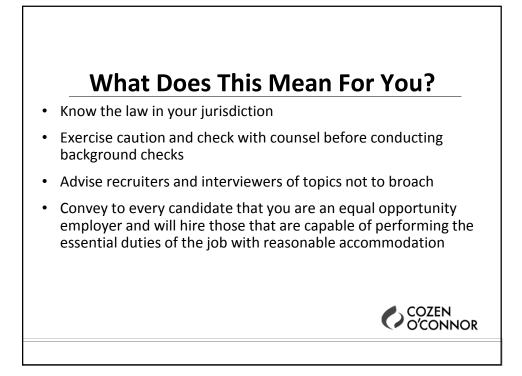


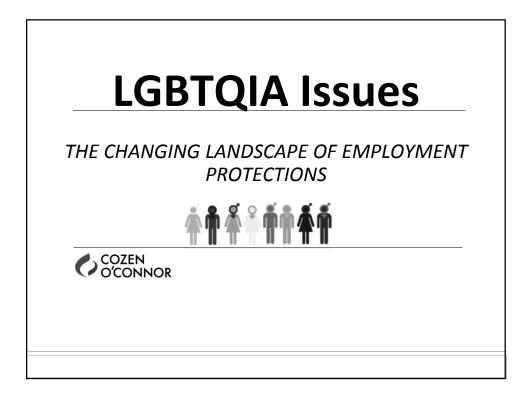


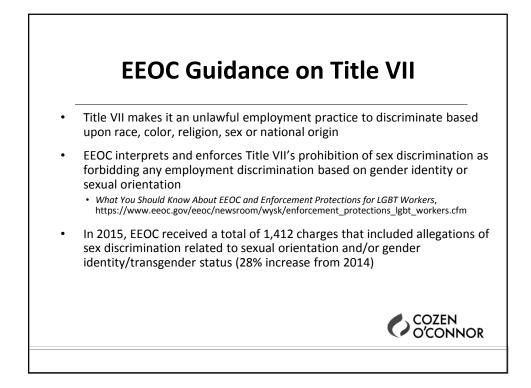


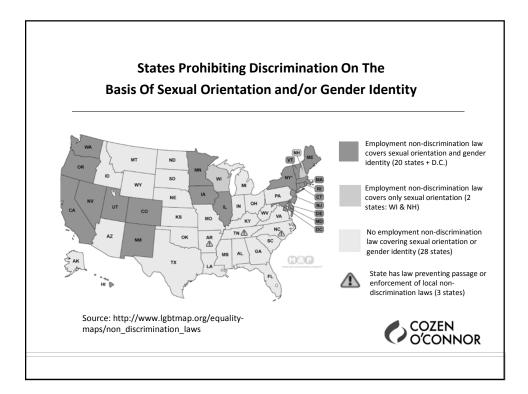


| te/Local F                 | Pay Equity Init   | tiatives  |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| Cities That Enacted        | Pay Eq  | uity Proposals:   |
| Cities/Counties            | States  | States  |
| Albany County (NY)         | Alabama   | Mississippi   |
|                            | Arizona   | Nebraska  |
| Chicago (IL)               | Hawaii  | Rhode Island  |
|                            | Indiana   | South Carolina  |
| New Orleans (LA)           | Illinois  | Tennessee   |
| New York City (NY)         | Missouri  | Washington  |
| Philadelphia* (PA)         | Dhiladalahia  |   |
| Pittsburg (PA)             | Following ruling on April 30, 2018,   |   |
| San Francisco (CA)         | employers may now inquire about<br>prospective employees' wage histories.   |   |
| Westchester County<br>(NY) | However, employers are prohibited<br>from relying on wage histories when<br>making wage determinations.   |   |
|                            | Cities That Enacted<br>ws:<br>Cities/Counties<br>Albany County (NY)<br>Chicago (IL)<br>New Orleans (LA)<br>New York City (NY)<br>Philadelphia* (PA)<br>Pittsburg (PA)<br>San Francisco (CA)<br>Westchester County | States       Cities/Counties       Albany County (NY)       Albany County (NY)       Chicago (IL)       Chicago (IL)       New Orleans (LA)       New York City (NY)       Philadelphia* (PA)       Pittsburg (PA)       San Francisco (CA)       Westchester County       Westchester County |









# **Circuit Split on Title VII Coverage**

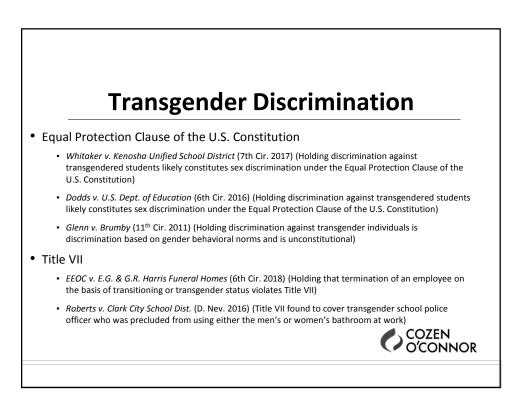
Circuit split regarding whether sexual orientation is covered under Title VII's sex discrimination prohibition

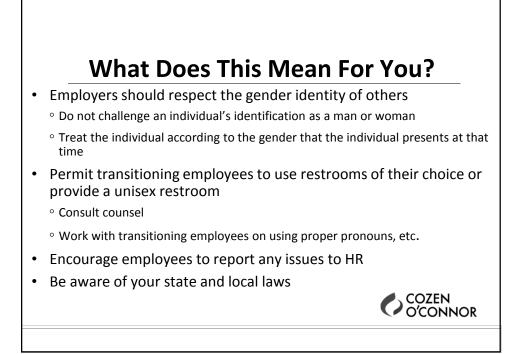
### YES:

- Seventh Circuit: *Hively v. Ivy Tech Community College of Indiana*, 853 F.3d 339 (Apr. 4, 2017)
- Second Circuit: Zarda et al. v. Altitude Express d/b/a Skydive Long Island, 2017 U.S. App. LEXIS 13127 (Feb. 26, 2018)

### <u>NO:</u>

• Eleventh Circuit: Evans v. Georgia Regional Hospital, 850 F.3d 1248 (Mar. 10, 2017), cert. den. (Dec. 11, 2017)







# **Coming Soon to a Jurisdiction Near You?**

States with (Statewide) Paid Sick Leave: Arizona, California, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Oregon, Rhode Island, Vermont, Washington, Washington D.C.

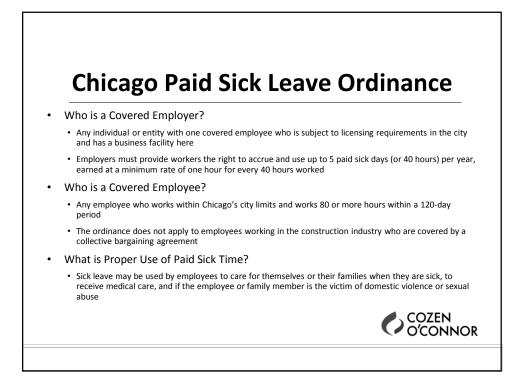
States with Paid Family Leave: California, New Jersey, Rhode Island, New York, Washington (eff. 2020), Washington D.C. (eff. 2020)

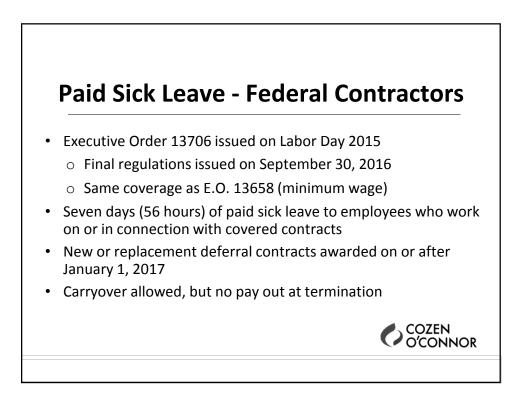
### **Cities with Paid Sick Leave:**

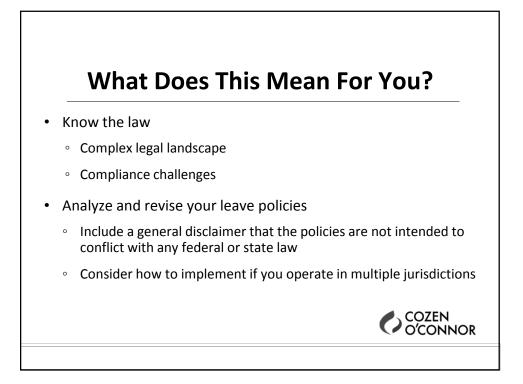
- Chicago, IL & Cook County, IL
- Austin, TX (eff. Oct. 1, 2018)
- Minneapolis & St. Paul, MN
- 13 Cities in New Jersey
- New York City, NY
- Los Angeles, Oakland, San Diego, San Francisco, Santa Monica, Emeryville, & Berkeley, CA

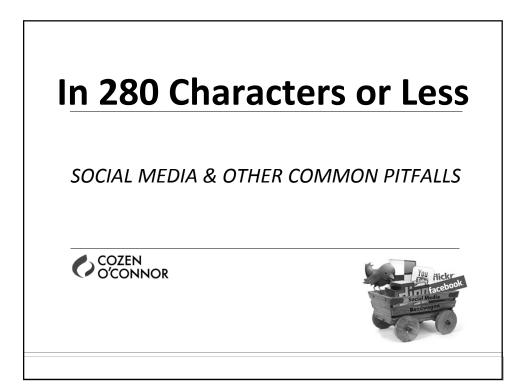
- Seattle, Spokane, & Tacoma, WA
- Montgomery County, MD
- Philadelphia, PA

| The Laws Typically Address   |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Who is a covered employer  |  |  |
| > Some laws mandate PSL only for employers of a certain size or delineate leave provisions based on the size of the employer                             |  |  |
| Who is a covered employee  |  |  |
| > Some laws require employees to work a certain number of hours or for a minimum time period before becoming eligible for PSL                            |  |  |
| Leave accrual and usage  |  |  |
| ➤ PSL laws generally specify how much and when leave is accrued, and when employees can begin using accrued leave  |  |  |
| Carryover of unused sick leave   |  |  |
| > Many laws require employers to carryover accrued unused sick leave, often with an annual cap   |  |  |
| Qualifying use of leave  |  |  |
| Most PSL laws allow leave to be used for more than an employee's own illness, such as for preventive medical care or medical care for a<br>family member |  |  |
| Payout on employment termination   |  |  |
| > Current laws generally do not require an employer to pay out unused sick leave at the time of termination  |  |  |
| Anti-retaliation provisions  |  |  |
| > Most laws expressly prohibit retaliation for taking leave  |  |  |

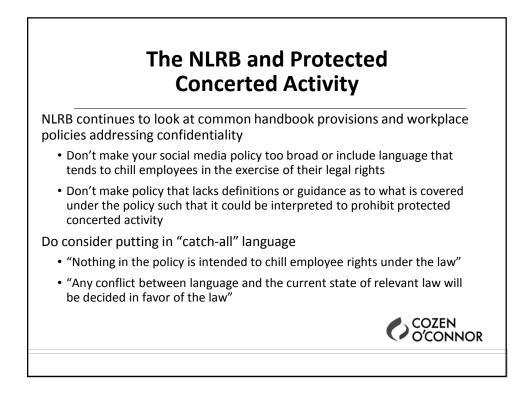








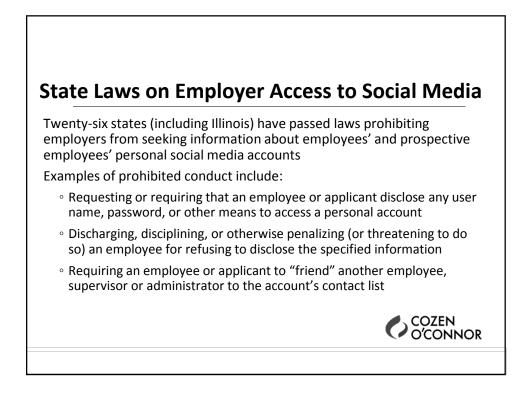


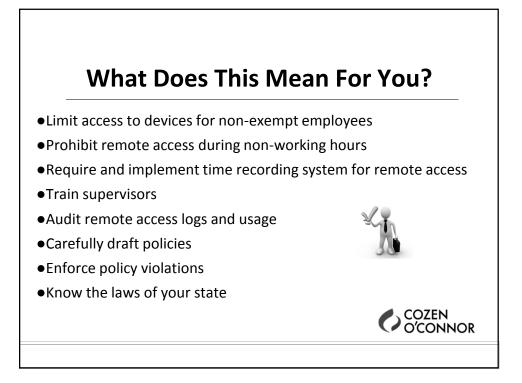


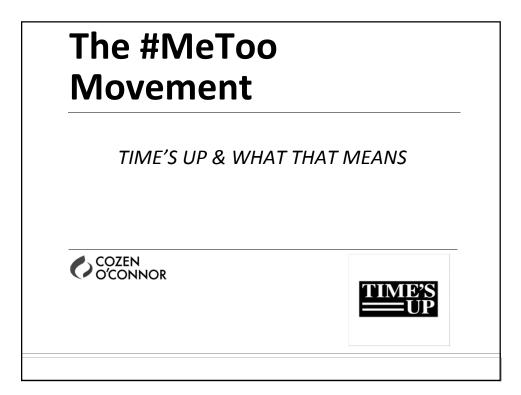
# **Peter Robb's GC 18-O2 Memoranda Peter Robb's GC 18-O2 Memoranda Peter Robb's GC Memoranda Peter Robb's Robot Net Statutory Rights of University Faculty And Peter Robb's Robot Reconsideration of the Levitz Framework Peter Robb's Robot Reconsideration of the Levitz Framework Peter Robb's GC Memorandum Concerning Collyer Deferral Peter Robot Regorand Eros Robot Statutory Robot Statutory Robot Reconsideration of the Levitz Pramework Peter Robot Regorand Eros Robot Regorand Intermittent and Partial Strikes Peter Regional Directors on which types of charges should be submitted to his office Peter Regional Directors on which types of charges should be submitted to his office Peter Regional Directors on which types of charges should be submitted to his office Peter Regional Directors on which types of charges should be submitted to his office Peter Robot Regional Directors on which types of charges should be submitted to his office Peter Regional Directors on which types of charges should be submitted to his office Peter Regional Charges in Sect 7 activities**

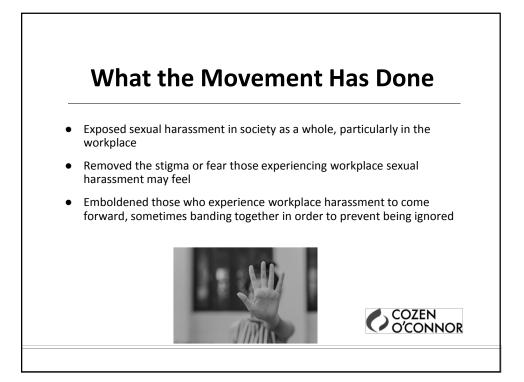
- Conflicts with other statutory requirements
- Joint Employment

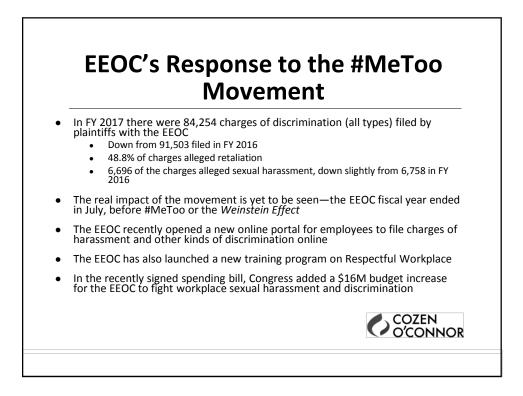




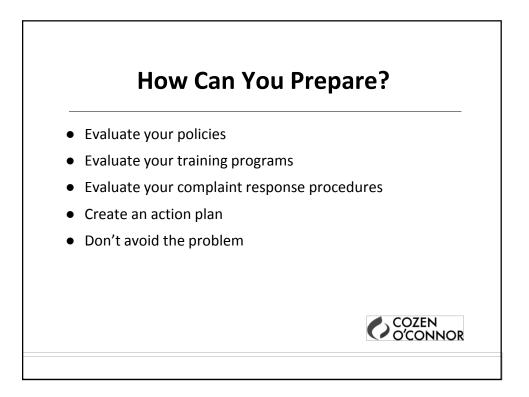








| Legislative Responses<br>To #MeToo  |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| •Federal: Recent tax legislation<br>payments to employees for<br>and costs) if the agreement      | on prohibits companies from deducting settlement<br>sexual harassment claims (as well as attorneys' fees<br>includes a confidentiality provision |  |
| <ul> <li>New York, South Carolina: L<br/>harassment context</li> </ul>                            | egislation barring mandatory arbitration in the  |  |
| confidentiality provisions in   | York, Pennsylvania, Washington: Legislation barring<br>sexual harassment settlement agreements or<br>such provisions can be enforced             |  |
| <ul> <li>California: Legislation design<br/>harassment claims under th<br/>three years</li> </ul> | ned to extend the window of time for filing<br>e Fair Employment and Housing Act from one to   |  |
| •California: Legislation requir sexual harassment for 10 ye                                       | ing certain business to maintain records regarding ars from the date the complaint was filed   |  |
|   |  |  |



# A Holistic Sexual Harassment Prevention Effort

- Leadership
- Resources
- Understand the Nature of the Problem (Data Collection)

- Education/Training
- Effective Policy
- Prompt and Equitable Investigation
- Creativity
- Sustainability

