Mitigating High Risk for High Return

Managing Third Party Relationships to Support Compliance

March 2018



Martha Westbrook
Legal Business Practices

Objectives

- Vetting third-parties should be standard practice prior to engagement.
- Maintaining confirmation of third-party compliance throughout the tenure of the relationship is equally important and poses a challenge.
- Suggestions for ongoing vetting, training and maintaining compliance profiles for your third parties, and thoughts on avoiding the complacency pitfall.

Third Parties are a cost-effective and logical business practice when managed accordingly.

Agenda

- What are Third Party Relationships
- Risks regarding Third Parties
- With what do we want third parties to be compliant?
- Costs of non-Compliance by Third Parties
- Business Justification
- · Risk Mitigation
- Ongoing Engagement
- Two Front Approach
- Red Flags
- · Challenges and Opportunities



Third Party Relationships

- Non-employee relationship
- Consultants, Representatives, Brokers, Distributors etc.
- Suppliers
- Required for international business in today's global world
- Usually operate at a distance with little or no daily interaction
- · Usually one point of contact at your company

At least some of the benefit is in our one-point engagement with the third party (one-to-many)

Risks regarding Third Parties

- Conflicts inherent in the relationship due to its nature
- · Slightly misaligned
 - Their objective is payment for themselves
 - Your objective is success for your company
- We try to "leverage" our third parties because that is what brings us value







Compliance with What

- · Specific to non-US third parties
- US Regulatory requirements
- Non-US regulatory requirements
- Inter-American Convention against Corruption
- OECD
- In-Country and Other Country
- For all -
 - Compliance with US Ethical Standards and the US lens applies Rules

Moral Conduct / Ethical Conduct / Legal Conduct



•	
•	
•	
•	

Ethical Considerations

- nsiderations
- Cultural
- From which cultural perspective will the relationship be seen
- Economic
- Hardship does not justify breaching ethical considerations
- Moral
 - Is a facet but morality is not the measure
- Navigating can be tricky for us as we manage third parties and requires vigilance

Costs of non-Compliance • Fines • Lost business • Reputation • Employee Morale • Individual cost • Criminal/Civil

Strong Business Justification

- Knowing the cost, invest in the justification
 Regardless of the type of third party
- Should have a strong business alignment
- Inaccurate assessment will put you and third party in compromised position, which may lead to non-compliant behavior
- Third parties with incompatible skill set or code of ethics may be high risk

Risk Mitigation Through Vetting

- One process applied without exception
- Example:
- Application with basic info
- References (financial and professional)
- Due Diligence (search tools/internet/"lists")
- Interview
- Monitor responsibilities clear and unequivocal
- · Reputation/Experience

Experienced Consultants know how to respond to interview questions

Ready, Set, Consult

- · Once they are vetted, what is the oversight provided
- Ongoing support?
- · Agreement "Monitors" evaluation
- Cultural, Language and even time zone differences must be manages
- Software to manage the process with ongoing awareness/Search tools
- Periodic trainings/info sessions
- Consider "360" for Third Party feedback
- Choose their activities appropriately for their role

Avoid "black box" relationship

Two-Front Approach

- · Your company point of contact to Third Party
- Your role to Third Party
- · Training to your company point of contact
- Training direct to Third Party
- · Regulatory requirements
- · Your company requirements

For Third Party Compliance use belt/suspenders

A few Red Flags

- Eager to please
- · Over emphasis on relationships
- · Is there real value?
- · Indications of ability to be compromised
- · Are they too good?
- In the international world, are there outside influences on third party behavior?



Challenges and Opportunities

- Balance professional requirements with engaged management
- It isn't always black and white and sometimes requires ongoing communication
- Triangulate information
- The human side of the slippery slope
- You don't know what you don't know

Most consultants are inherently good, and most want to do the right thing – watch the conflicts

Thoughts for Challenges

- Distance Monitors must be given flexibility to be engaged and it will cost
- Culture Training and sensitivity is important and a valuable investment
- Language If we don't speak the language, we need to have a trusted translator
- · Objective observer available if possible





