# Implementing Effective Periodic Testing For Your Compliance Program

SCCE Singapore Regional Conference Luis Hui, CCEP-I, CPA July 19, 2019

1

## Increasing Effectiveness of Periodic Testing

### Agenda:

- Examples of how periodic testing can become ineffective
- Analysis of contributing factors and solutions to remedy these common pitfalls
- Reaping the benefits from effective periodic testing

## Ineffective Periodic Testing?

### **Focus of Compliance**

- Nature of transaction
- · Residual risk of the transaction



## **Focus of Internal Audit**

 Overweigh of tests designed to ensure Existence, Completeness, Financial Accuracy and Management Approval

## Performance Expectation Gap

- (a) Different skillset
- (b) Resource challenge

3

## Example: Anti-Corruption Risks

#### Gifts & Entertainment

- What tests would Internal Audit typically conduct?
  - OSample transactions from "Gift" and "Entertainment" GL accounts
  - Review sampled transactions for presence of invoices / receipts (existence)
  - Ensure financial values recorded and that in invoices / receipts match (accuracy)
  - Ensure sampled transactions are approved by relevant management (management approval)
  - Take a sample of gift and entertainment reimbursement claims submitted and ensure transactions are correctly recorded in respective GL accounts (completeness)

## Example: Anti-Corruption Risks

#### Gifts & Entertainment

- Examples of tests meaningful for Compliance?
  - o Sample transactions from "Gift" and "Entertainment" GL accounts
  - o Review sampled transactions for the following possible red flags:
    - Reason for gifting / entertainment
    - Position of recipient in Company (e.g. government official)
    - Nature of gift / entertainment (e.g. personal, hot-spring outing)
    - Value of gift / entertainment
    - Frequency of gift / entertainment
    - Timing of gift / entertainment (e.g. contract renewal)
  - o Review gift / entertainment expenses by team / cost centers
  - Review gift / entertainment expenses by team / cost centers over time and against revenue for abnormalities (by-product: channel-stuffing)

5

# Example: Anti-Money Laundering (Non Financial Sector) Risks

#### **Payments to Service Providers**

- · What tests would Internal Audit typically conduct?
  - o Take sample of transactions from various expense accounts in the GL
  - Review sampled transactions for presence of
    - purchase order / agreement (existence)
    - supplier invoices (existence)
    - delivery note / service report (existence)
  - Ensure financial values recorded and that in purchase orders / agreements , supplier invoices, delivery note / service reports match (accuracy)
  - Ensure purchase orders / agreements , supplier invoices, delivery note / service reports
    of sampled transactions are approved by relevant management (management approval)
  - Take a sample of paid payments vouchers and ensure transactions are correctly recorded in respective GL accounts (completeness)

# Example: Anti-Money Laundering (Non Financial Sector)

#### Payments to Service Providers

- Examples of tests meaningful for Compliance?
  - o For the all new payees created, review for the following possible red flags:
    - Is the registered business address located in a tax haven?
    - Is the registered business address a P.O. Box?
    - Is payment made to a bank payment (vs cash payment)?
    - Is the bank account a numbered account?
    - Is the name of the bank account same as the Service Provider?
    - Is the name of the bank account an individual?
    - Is this a one time transaction? (large on-time payments / frequent small sums: by-product embezzlement, fraud)
    - Nature of service rendered? (e.g. payment agents)
  - Review for dormant bank accounts that have been reactivated

# Example: Anti-Trust Risks

### **Attending Industry Conferences**

- What tests would Internal Audit typically conduct?
  - O Take sample of transactions from relevant GL accounts
  - Review sampled transactions for presence of invoices / receipts (existence)
  - Ensure financial values recorded and that in invoices / receipts match (accuracy)
  - Ensure sampled transactions are approved by relevant management (management approval)

7

## Example: Anti-Trust Risks

#### **Attending Industry Conferences**

- Examples of tests meaningful for Compliance?
  - For all Industry Conferences attended by staff, review for the following possible red flags:
    - Planned Agenda
    - List of Attendees (e.g. new hires, competitor companies)
    - Attendee familiarity with dos and don'ts (e.g. email reminder by approving manager)
    - Actual content (e.g. slides) & post conference feedback
  - After the industry conference, review for the following:
    - Prices adjustments
    - Underlying analysis supporting the price adjustment
    - Price adjustments by Competitors

## Benefits Of Effective Periodic Testing

- For Compliance: Input for finetuning policies, procedures, compliance tools, training material
- For the Business: Culture of continuous improvement in business processes = Competitiveness
- For People At The Top: Reduction in compliance risk = Sleep

9

## Implementing Effective Periodic Testing

- Outsourcing may be the best medium term solution given the limitations of Internal Audit and day-job of Compliance Officers.
- Key Considerations:
  - o Specialized job (like due diligence, investigations)
  - Scalability
  - o Opportunity to cross fertilize Internal Audit / Compliance
  - o No impact on fulltime equivalent (FTE) headcount

11

# Questions?

Luis Hui, CCEP-I, CPA huiluis@me.com