



Step 1. Preliminary analysis

What is normally available?

- Accounting records:
 Corporate policies and procedures:
 Corporate policies and procedures:
 Corporate e-communication details (emails, Skype etc);
 Information on corporate business trips of suspects;
 Corporate mobile billing information;
 Information from employees;
 Other.

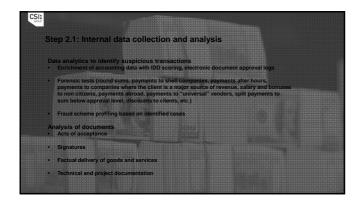


Step 1. Preliminary analysis

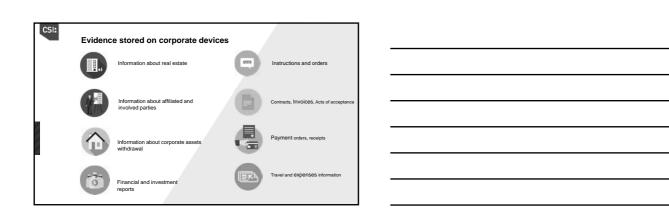
Who does what? Who knows / covers whom?

- The compliance manager position can be concurrent, nominal or absent at all.
 Pay attention to family ties and informal relationship at the company.
 Check in advance what employees and business partners tell about the company in public.
 Collect into on who are business process owners and decision makers.
 Be attentive to any rumors about ties with state officials.

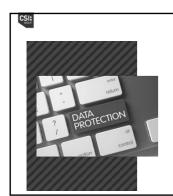
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35	Possible difficulties: CIS specifics Accounting records are often segmental and can be just partially available in ERP system; Lot of paper work! Employees often use their personal electronic devices for business needs — check if BYOD policy is in place. Employees hardly believe in power and independence of compliance investigators. Police and other authorities can be used as instrument of influence against compliance investigators. Business interests prevail on compliance. Electronic devices can really be a treasury!
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PLEASE NOTE!:

Accessing the sensitive data

Goal: Collection and analysis of information meeting local and international data protection regulations

Common types of protected information:

- Personal data
 Private life and communications secrecy
 Bank secrets
 Corporate secrets
 Government secrets
 Tax secrets

Legal framework:

15 Federal laws in Russia+tens of other documents



PLEASE NOTE!: Accessing the sensitive data

- Corporate information policy:
 Company owns all data stored on corporate devices and IT-systems
 Company prohibits usage of corporate IT-infrastructure and assets in personal purposes
 Company may control the usage of corporate's assets by employees

- Personal consent:

 Custodian allows the Company, Lawyers, Forensic provider to access, process and store PII and other information, including correspondence, stored on devices and in information systems
 Custodian allows to transfer PII abroad (if necessary)
 The aim of data collection and processing performance the review of business processes and operations, conduction of compliance review.

Contract with confidentiality and data protection clauses



Step 2.2. Integrity Due Diligence

Open sources enhanced review

- Corporate information databases:
 Local: Lursoft, SPARK, Integrum, etc.;
 International: Dun & Bradstreet, Orbis, Lexis Nexis, etc.
- Local and international corporate registries: tax authorinistry of justice, ministry of economy, etc.;



Step 2.2 Integrity Due Diligence

Goal: Collection of all available information from public and industry sources in the respective jurisdictions

Open sources enhanced review

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•	Media archives: Factiva, Integrum etc.;	i
•	Social and professional networks: Facebook, Google+, LinkedIn etc.;	Ī
•	Local and international litigation platforms: LexisNexis, Pravo.ru and others;	
•	Domain information sources: whois.net, whois.icann.org etc.;	
•	Local and international watch-lists: World-Check, C6, respective sources of state authorities.	



Step 2.2 Integrity Due Diligence

- Current and former employees;
 Competitors;
 Market experts and analysts;
 Detectives;
 Former authorities' representations.



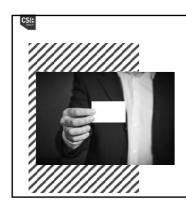
Step 2.2 Integrity Due Diligence

Goal: Collection of all available information from public and industry sources in the respective jurisdictions

What can be found on legal entities

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 Corporate information:
 Registration data;
 Beneficial ownership structure;
 Information on affiliated parties (both direct and indirect);
 Information on affiliated parties (both direct and indirect);
 Information on asset withdrawal schemes;
 Information on asset withdrawal schemes;
 Information on the target entity's assets owned in foreign jurisdictions;
 Information on the target entity's assets disputed in local or foreign jurisdictions;
 Affiliations with top management;
 Affiliations with state officials and government authorities;
 Sanctions!
 Other issues.

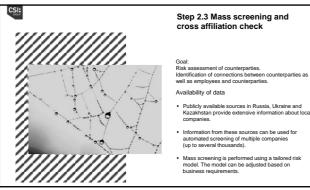


Step 2.2 Integrity Due Diligence

What can be found on subject individuals*

- Legal entities owned directly and through affiliated par locally and abroad the country of residence;
 Real estate owned locally and abroad;
 Habit and business inderests;
 Habits and business 'modus operandi';
 Information or friends and relatives;
 Ties with state officials and government authorities;
 Allegations of fraud or wrongdoing;
 Other adverse issues.

- * subject to personal data protection restrictions



- Publicly available sources in Russia, Ukraine and Kazakhstan provide extensive information about local companies.
- Mass screening is performed using a tailored risk model. The model can be adjusted based on business requirements.



