SCCE COMPLIANCE AND ETHICS INSTITUTE 2019

### Next Generation Anti-Corruption Compliance Programs

Transforming a Policy-Based Program to a Controls-Based Program

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### **Speaker Bios**



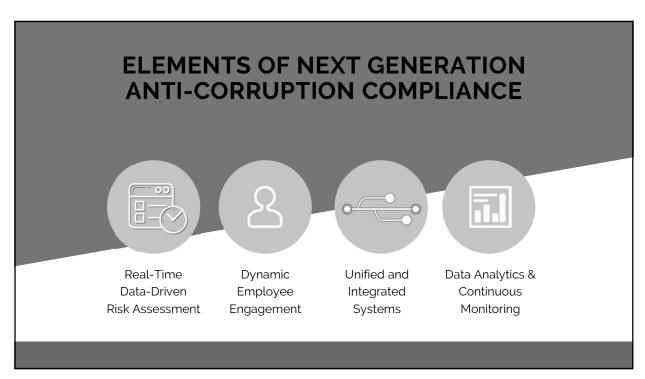
Parth Chanda CEO Lextegrity

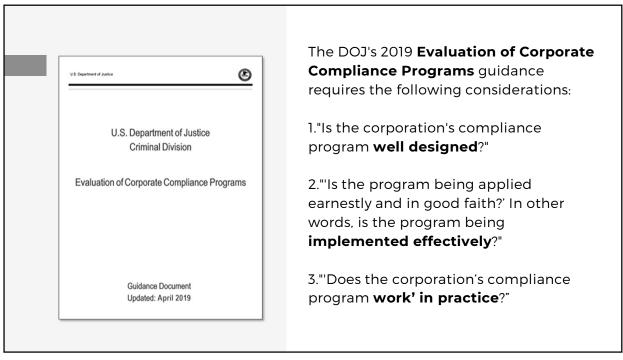


Samantha Barrett Badlam Counsel Ropes & Gray



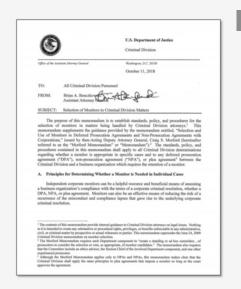
Natasha Trifun
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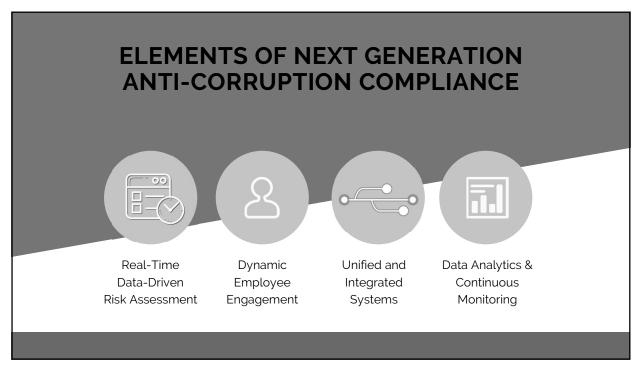


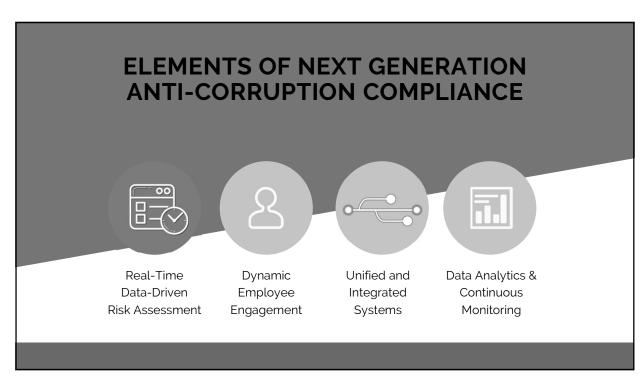
The DOJ's 2018 **Selection of Monitors in Criminal Division Matters** guidance requires the following considerations in determining whether a monitor is needed:

- "whether the corporation has made significant investments in, and improvements to, its corporate compliance program and internal control systems"
- "whether remedial improvements to the compliance program and internal controls have been tested to demonstrate that they would prevent or detect similar misconduct in the future."



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### DOJ 2019 Guidance: Risk Assessments

Prosecutors may give credit for programs that give "appropriate attention and resources" to **transactions designated as higher-risk**, even if the program fails to prevent a violation in a low-risk area.

Considerations for the Risk Management Process:

- "What **methodology** has the company used to identify, analyze, and address the particular risks it faces?
- "What **information or metrics** has the company collected and used to **help detect** the type of misconduct in question?
- "How have the information or metrics informed the company's compliance program?"

### Considerations for Risk-Tailored Resource Allocation:

• "Does the company give **greater scrutiny**, **as warranted**, **to high-risk transactions** (for instance, a large-dollar contract with a government agency in a high-risk country) than more modest and routine hospitality and entertainment?"

### **RISK ASSESSMENT**

### FIRST GENERATION

- Subjective & Soft Inputs
- Infrequent (Annual)
- Missing Key Data
- Paper Based

### **NEXT GENERATION**



- Subjective and Objective Data Inputs
- Real-Time/Continuous
- Integration of multiple data sources
- Automated using technology
- Risk across multiple dimensions (e.g., country, vendor, employee, etc.)

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### REAL-TIME DATA-DRIVEN RISK ASSESSMENT

Automated platform

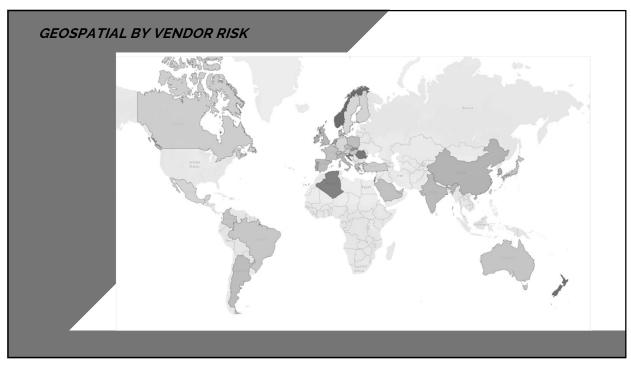
Ingesting real-time data from ERP, T&E and Investigations

Multi-dimensional risk ranking

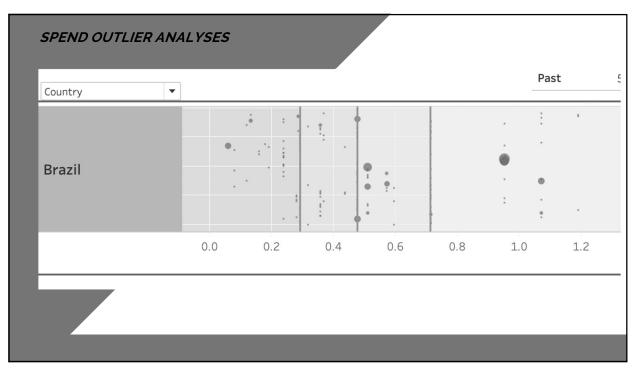
Machine learning to adjust risks over time

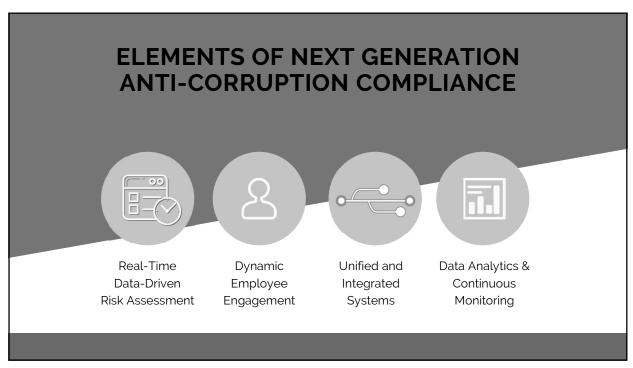
Visualization of data for ease of understanding

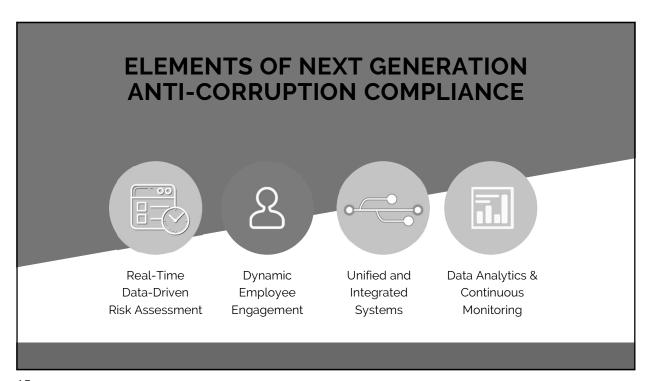
Access controls to provide limited cuts of data to management











### DOJ 2019 Guidance: Training & Engagement

"Prosecutors, in short, should examine whether the compliance program is being disseminated to, and understood by, employees in practice in order to decide whether the compliance program is 'truly effective.'"

Considerations include:

- "What, if any, guidance and training has been provided to **key gatekeepers in the control processes** (e.g., those with approval authority or certification responsibilities)?"
- "[W]hether the company has relayed information in a manner **tailored** to the audience's size, sophistication, or subject matter expertise. Some companies, for instance, give employees **practical advice or case studies to address real-life scenarios**,"
- "Have supervisory employees received different or supplementary training?"

## EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT

### FIRST GENERATION

- Generic E-Learning Modules
- Infrequent (Annual)
- Multiple/Siloed
   Processes/Forms
- Paper Based

### **NEXT GENERATION**



- Point-in-Time and Embedded in Company Processes
- Automated and Accessible on Desktop and Mobile
- Multilingual
- Real-time data and reporting

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# **ELEMENTS OF NEXT GENERATION ANTI-CORRUPTION COMPLIANCE**



Real-Time Data-Driven Risk Assessment 2

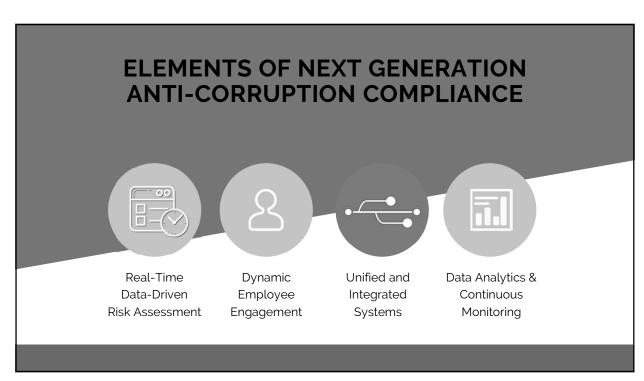
Dynamic Employee Engagement



Unified and Integrated Systems



Data Analytics & Continuous Monitoring



### **DOJ 2019 Guidance: Unified and Integrated Systems**

Prosecutors should examine whether "policies and procedures. . . ensure the compliance program is **well-integrated into the company's operations and workforce**."

Considerations include:

- Has "the company's third-party management process. . . been integrated into the relevant procurement and vendor management processes?"
- "In what specific ways are compliance policies and procedures reinforced through the company's internal control systems?
- "What mechanisms exist to ensure that the contract terms specifically describe the services to be performed, that the **payment terms are appropriate**, that the described contractual work is performed, and that **compensation is commensurate with the services rendered**?"

Enforcement Case Studies: Anheuser-Busch InBev (2016); Walmart (2019)

## UNIFIED & INTEGRATED SYSTEMS

### FIRST GENERATION

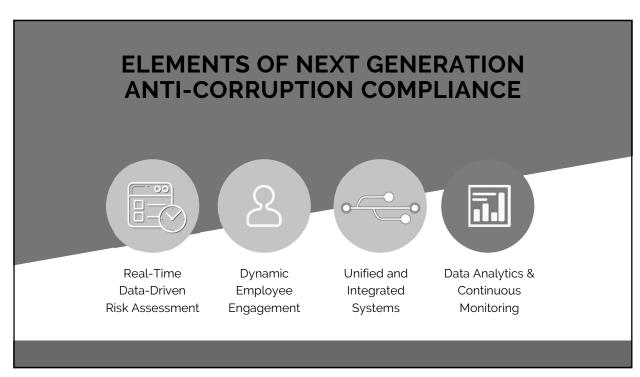
- Siloed Diligence and Pre-Approval Disconnected from Vendor Master & Payment Systems
- Work-around payment processes

### **NEXT GENERATION**

- Unified Cross-Risk Approvals, from Vendors to T&E and COI
- Integration of approval with vendor master, P2P and T&E systems
- Hard controls to validate approvals
- Identifying and closing work-around payment processes

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# ELEMENTS OF NEXT GENERATION ANTI-CORRUPTION COMPLIANCE Real-Time Dynamic Employee Integrated Systems Data Analytics & Continuous Monitoring



### DOJ 2019 Guidance: Data Analytics & Continuous Monitoring

"Prosecutors should likewise look to whether a company has taken 'reasonable steps' to "ensure that the organization's compliance and ethics program is followed, including **monitoring and auditing**"

### Considerations include:

- $\bullet \ "IWI he ther the company engaged in {\bf ongoing monitoring of the [ir] third-party relationships,"}\\$
- "How often does internal audit conduct assessments in high-risk areas?" "What testing of controls, collection and analysis of compliance data, and interviews of employees and third-parties does the company undertake."
- "Has there been sufficient staffing for compliance personnel to **effectively audit, document, analyze, and act on** the results of the compliance efforts?"
- "What types of audits would have identified issues relevant to the misconduct? Did those audits occur and what were the findings?"

Enforcement Case Study: Microsoft (2019); Compliance Program Case Study: Credit Suisse (2017)

# DATA ANALYTICS & CONTINUOUS MONITORING



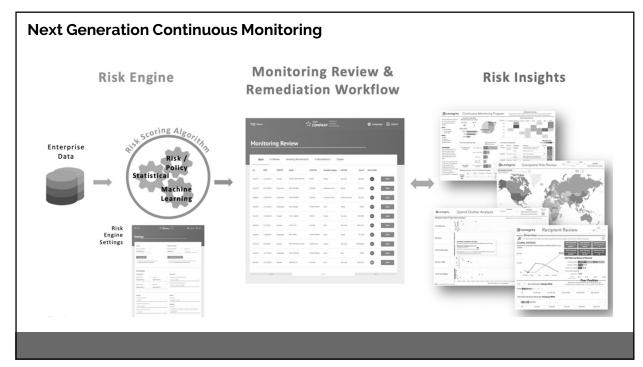
### FIRST GENERATION

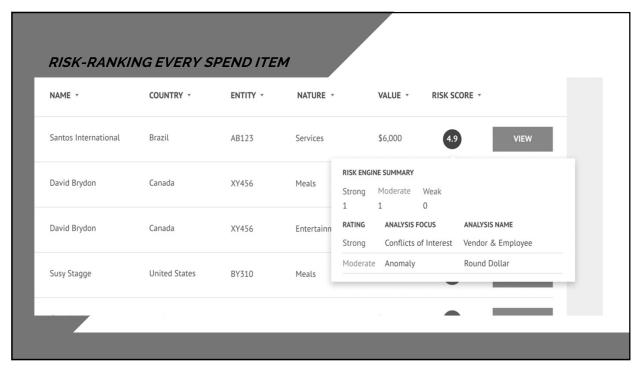
- Manual and Infrequent audits
- Judgmental samples
- Weak feedback loop for findings

### **NEXT GENERATION**

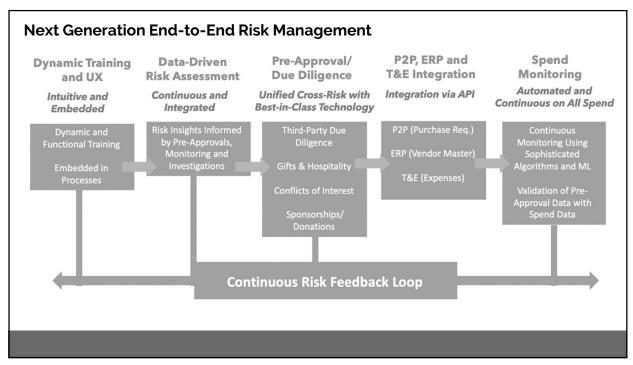
- Automated Monitoring with Technology
- Real-Time/Continuous on ALL spend
- Clear documentation of resolution
- Machine Learning to continuously improve monitoring engine

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WITH A WORK	FLOW & AUDIT	TRAIL				
Sections	< BACK TO TRANSACTIONS					
Risk Engine Results	Transaction #1234567  Cycle 14 – as of 3/01/2019  Awaiting Remediation					< >
Follow-Up	Remediation Steps					
	Туре	Owners	Last Modified	Due Date	Remediation S	tep Status
Remediation	Control Enhancement	Jonathan Joseph	6/30/19	6/29/19	Open Past-Due	+
History & Comments	Policy Enhancement	Jonathan Joseph	6/21/19	6/30/19	Open	_



# Questions?